

### AMENDMENTS TO THE SPECIFICATION

Please replace the paragraph beginning at line 3, page 22 (which was previously amended on June 6, 2001) with the following amended paragraph:

FIG. 18. Sequence analysis of RNA (SEQ ID NO: 56) obtained from rescued influenza virus containing five site-specific mutations. Following infection with the WSN-HK helper virus, MDBK cells were RNP-transfected with T3NAv mut 2 RNA which was obtained by transcription from pT3NAv mut 2. Following overnight incubation in the presence of 28  $\mu$ g/ml plasminogen, medium was used for propagation and plaquing on MDBK cells in the absence of protease. Virus from plaques was then amplified and RNA was obtained following phenol-extraction of purified virus. Rescue of the mutant NA gene into virus particles was verified through direct RNA sequencing using 5'-TACGAGGAAATGTTCTGTTA-3' (SEQ ID NO: 1) as primer (corresponding to position 800-819; Hiti et al., J. Virol. 41:730-734) and reverse transcriptase (Yamashita et al., 1988, Virol. 163:112-122). Sequences shown correspond to position 878-930 in the NA gene (Hiti et al., J. Virol. 41:730-734). The arrows and the underlined nucleotides indicate the changes in the mutant RNA compared to the wild type RNA. Left: Control RNA obtained from influenza A/WSN/33 virus. Right: RNA of mutant virus rescued from MDBK cells which were RNP-transfected with T3NAv mut 2 RNA and infected with helper virus WSN-HK.